ST. MARY'S CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL
HOLIDAY HOMEWORK (2025-2026)
Class: V

English Literature -
● Kindly read the lessons of HALF YEARLY thoroughly.
● Learn the difficult words of the lessons and write them in the register 3 times each.
● Learn the word- meanings of the lessons and frame sentences using them in the register.

English Language-
● Revise the chapters done in the class.
● Complete the worksheet given.

DICTATION-
● Learn the work done in the notebook for Half yearly.
● Frame sentences using the Vocabulary words in the register.

Shakespeare -
● Read the following:
1) Introduction and Life Sketch of Shakespeare
2) The Merchant Of Venice
● Learn all the written work done in the notebook.

Science-
● Learn the chapter done in the class.
● Learn the resource sheet.
● Complete the worksheet given and stick it in your Science notebook.

Social Studies
● Learn the chapter done in the class.
● Learn the matter from the resource and the worksheet given.
● Complete the worksheet given and stick it in your Social Studies notebook.

Maths-
● Revise the chapters done in the class.
● Learn tables from 1-20.
● Solve the worksheet given in your revision register.

Computer-
● Learn the chapters done in the class.
● Solve the worksheet given.

SUPW
● Prepare one birthday card (A4 size or half of the chart paper size)
● Prepare one handmade bouquet

Hindi-
● Revise the chapters done in the class.
● Complete the worksheet given.

Sanskrit-
● Revise the chapters done in the class.
● Complete the worksheet given.

Q1. <u>**Write a composition on the following topics:-**</u>

(a) A picnic I enjoyed

(b) How I spent my summer vacation

Q2. <u>**Underline the adjective of quality in the following sentences:-**</u>

(a) The kind woman took the wounded puppy home.

(b) We watched the orange sun set at the beach.

(c) The cruel king punished all the ministers.

(d) We watched a horror movie yesterday.

(e) The teacher asked us to solve a tricky problem.

Q3. <u>**Fill in the blanks with adjective of number:-**</u>

(a) There are _____ puppies playing in the park.

(b) Only a _____ students were present in the school today.

(c) Her team secured the _____ place in the relay race.

(d) There are _____ days in a week.

(e) _____ apple a day keeps the doctor away.

Q4. <u>**Underline the adjective of quantity in the following sentences:-**</u>

(a) There is little rice in the bag.

(b) I have too much work to do.

(c) I need some sugar for the drink.

(d) He finished all the milk.

(e) We need extra chairs for the function.

Q5. <u>**Fill in the blanks with the demonstrative adjectives:-**</u>

(a) We are selling _____ scooter.

(b) Who brought _____ bouquet?

(c) _____ flats were built last year.

(d) Karuna has joined _____ school.

(e) I will take _____ pen to write the note.

Q6. Rewrite these sentences using interrogative adjectives given in the bracket:-

(a) The farmers are sowing seeds. (What)

(b) I am planning to wear this dress to the party. (Which)

(c) Reshma bought a bicycle. (What)

(d) Rajni's tiffin box is kept on the table. (Whose)

(e) This is the best way of doing the work. (Which)

Q7. Fill in the blanks with suitable possessive adjectives:-

(a) _____ sister is a musician.

(b) We have a quiz competition in _____ school.

(c) Uncle Tom told _____ a funny story.

(d) _____ dog is playful and friendly.

(e) He lost _____ wallet in the bus.

Q8. Write the comparative and superlative degree for the given adjectives:-

(a) deep   (e)interesting

(b) nice   (f)good

(c) angry   (g)little

(d) dim   (h)much

Q9. Complete each sentence with the correct form of adjectives given in the bracket:-

(a) The rabbit is _____ (small) than the kangaroo.

(b) The cheetah is the _____ (fast) land animal.

(c) The rose is _____ (beautiful) than the daisy.

(d) Mount Everest is the _____ (high) mountain in the world.

(e) Today's weather is _____ (warm) than yesterday.

Q10. <u>**Frame a sentence using the given adjectives in the mentioned degree:-**</u>

(a) tall – comparative

(b) famous – superlative

(c) old – comparative

(d) powerful – positive

(e) young - superlative

SCIENCE WORKSHEET- FOOD AND NUTRIENTS

DATE-   **CLASS- V**

Name: _____

NOTE- Do the given worksheet and stick it in your SCIENCE NOTEBOOK-

A. **Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs).**

Tick (✔) the correct option.

1. Which of these is an energy-giving food?
a) Pulses   b) Rice   c) Spinach   d) Milk

2. Which of the following is NOT a component of food?
a) Vitamins   b) Plastics   c) Proteins   d) Fats

3. A balanced diet contains:
a) Only proteins and fats   b) Only carbohydrates   c) All nutrients in the right amounts
      d) Only vitamins

4. Which of these is considered junk food?
a) Pizza   b) Sprouts   c) Boiled vegetables   d) Fresh fruits

5. Eating too much junk food can lead to:
a) Obesity   b) Better health   c) Stronger immunity   d) Sharp eyesight

B. Fill in the blanks;-
1. _____ is the process where seeds are soaked and allowed to grow tiny shoots, making them more nutritious.

2. Fermentation makes food rich in _____

3. _____ is caused by a lack of iodine in the diet.
 4. _____is the condition of having very high body weight due to excessive fat.
5. Foods like chips and cold drinks are examples of _____food.

C. Match the following;-
1. Obesity   a. High sugar in blood   ( )
2. Diabetes   b. Lack of iron   ( )

3. Anaemia   c. Excessive fat in body   ( )

4. Beriberi   d. Deficiency of vitamin B1   ( )

5. Adulterated food   e. Harmful and unsafe to eat ( )

D. Unscramble the following to make meaningful words;-

1. UNTRINET _____

2. EFDIICNECY _____

3. RUOHGGAE_____

4. BLANAECD_____

5. AUDTLEARTOIN_____

E. Give two examples of;-

1. Energy giving food_____   _____

2. Deficiency disease _____   _____

3. Protective foods_____   _____

4. Body building foods _____   _____

5. Junk foods_____   _____

F. Name any one disease caused due to deficiency of following nutrients:-

1. Protein   _____

2. Vitamin A   _____

3. Vitamin B   _____

4. Vitamin C   _____

5. Vitamin D   _____

G. Name the common adulterants for the following food items;-

1. Milk_____

2. Turmeric_____

3. Ice Cream_____

4. Black pepper_____

5. Sugar_____

Ques 1. Fill in the blanks

a) Smallest 8-digit number _____

b) Predecessor of 6,31,40,000 _____

c) 4970000 ÷ 1000 =   Q=   R=_____

d) 5843 x 0 = _____

e) Place value of 8 in 4 <u>8</u> , 3 1, 6 7 2 = _____

f) Difference between successor and predecessor of 70,000 is _____

g) Find the sum of the place value of two 7s in 83,57,347 _____

h) Write the numeral in Indian System (Put commas)

50000000 + 6000000 + 3000 + 200 = _____

i) Fill in the blanks using <,> or =

- 19,540 +60 _____ 19,600
- 56,519 + 21 _____ 56,540 – 21

Ques 2. Write the following numbers in (A) Indian System (B) International System. Write number names also for each of the following :-

a) 495343

b) 72709613

Ques 3. Write the following in expanded form :-

a) 34,49,483

b) 6,78,504

Ques 4. Arrange the following in ascending order:-

a) 1,01,501 ; 1,05,111 ; 1,04,703 ; 1,08,999

b) 6,54,321 ; 4,56,231 ; 5,46,123 ; 5,64,321

Ques 5. Arrange the following in descending order:-

a) 7,62,543 ; 6,75,234 ; 7,52,346 ; 6,57,312

b) 4,60,005 ; 5,64,020 ; 6,45,388 ; 3,98,756

Ques 6. Simplify

    a) 3,50,721 + 1,84,056 – 1,80,454 + 1,29,990

    b) 9,23,561 – 25,163 –5,32,156 –1,35,216

    c) 7,65,432 + 23,485 + 2,000

    d) 24,183 x 453

    e) 50,976 ÷ 75

Ques 7. Word Problems

    a) If the cost of one flat is Rs 38,75,945. What is the cost of 105 such flats?

    b) In a country, 3,75,38,650 women and 3,96,47,300 men are eligible to vote in an election. What is the total number of voters in that country?

    c) The number of pages in 255 copies of a book is 4,83,225. What is the number of pages in one book?

    d) Mr. Ram had Rs 9,99,00,000. He gave Rs 38,47,500 to his son and Rs 5,38,49,700 to his wife and rest to an orphanage. How much did the orphanage get?

Ques 8. Solve the following using the Lattice Method Multiplication

 a) 789 x 461

b) 182 x 347

ST. MARY'S CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL
HOLIDAY HOMEWORK
COMPUTER - CLASS V
CHAPTER 1 & CHAPTER 2

I Fill in the blanks.

1. _____generation computer are also referred to as supercomputers.

2. The first generation computer were based on _____.

3. _____is considered as the first calculating device.

4. _____ is the world's first computer programmer.

5. _____ is considered as the father of Pentium.

6. The first supercomputer of India was _____.

7. The fourth generation computer were based on _____.

II. Give two examples of the following.

1. Assembly Language   _____

2. First Generation   _____

3. Operating system   _____

4. Antivirus Software   _____

5. DBMS   _____

6. Web Browser   _____

7. Operation Support System_____

8. Word Processing Software_____

9. Graphic Software   _____

10. Multimedia Software   _____

III Match the following

Calculating Device	Inventor
1. Analytical Engine	Blaise Pascal
2. Leibniz Calculator	Charles Babbage

3. Tabulating Machine   .   Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz

4. Pascaline Adding Machine   Herman Hollerith

IV <u>Write the full forms of the following:-</u>

1. EDVAC_____

2. ENIAC   _____

3. ULSI_____

4. IC_____

5. UNIVAC_____

6. VLSI   _____

V. <u>Answer the following questions</u>:

1. List three characteristics of computer.

_____

_____

_____

_____

2. What is the difference between LSI and VLSI?

_____

_____

_____

_____

3. What are the limitations of computer?

_____

_____

_____

_____

4. What is an OSS?

_____

_____

_____

_____

5. Explain assembler, interpreter and compiler?

_____

_____

_____

_____

6. Define Multimedia Software and Web browser with examples.

_____

_____

_____

_____

NOTE: LEARN CHAPTER 1 AND CHAPTER 2 FROM BOOK.

ST. MARY'S CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL
SOCIAL STUDIES - HOLIDAY HOMEWORK WORKSHEET – (2025-2026)
CHAPTER- "GEMS OF INDIAN HISTORY"
NOTE : KINDLY SOLVE AND STICK IT IN THE SOCIAL STUDIES FAIR NOTEBOOK
NAME : _____. _____.   CLASS: 5 - ____

Q1. Research and take notes on the following individuals:

Name	Contribution	Achievement	Interesting Fact
1. Sushruta			
2. Charaka			
3. Kalidas			

4. Tansen			
5. J.P. Naik			
6. Rabindranath Tagore			

Q2. MCQ

1. The first Indian book that dealt with diseases and their treatment.

    a) The Atharva Veda.   c)Sushruta Samhita
    b) Charaka Samhita   d) Banphool

2. Who wrote the famous Ayurvedic text "Charaka Samhita"?

    a) Sushruta   c) Kalidas
    b) Charaka   d)Tansen

3. Which of the following is a famous work of Kalidas?

    a) Gitanjali   c)Charaka Samhita
    b) Meghaduta.   d)Sushruta Samhita

4. Tansen was a legendary musician in the court of:

    a) Akbar   c)Ashoka
    b) Shivaji.   d)Chandragupta Maurya

5. Who was awarded the Nobel Prize in Literature?

    a) J.P. Naik   c)Kalidas
    b) Rabindranath Tagore   d)Tansen

Q3.Creative Learning Activity : Fill in the blanks in the Timeline Segments:

1. *Ancient India (500 BCE – 500 CE)*

    -   _____ : Father of Plastic Surgery
    -   _____ : Author of Charaka Samhita
    -   _____ : Renowned poet and playwright

2. *Mughal Era (1556 – 1857)*

    -   _____ : Legendary musician in Akbar's court

3. *Modern India (19th – 20th century)*

    -   _____: Nobel Prize for Literature in 1913
    -   _____: Educationist and social reformer

Q4. Answer the following questions in brief -
1. Who is known as the "Father of Plastic Surgery"?

    _____

2. What is Sushruta Samhita?

    _____

3. Who was considered as one of the nine gems in the court of Akbar?

    _____

4. What is Rabindranath Tagore's notable achievement?

    _____

5. What were J.P. Naik's contributions to education?

    _____

Class: V   **Sec:**

Name: **Date:**

1– निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए–

दिलवाड़े में कई जैन मंदिर हैं, किंतु इनमें दो मुख्य हैं– एक नेमीनाथ जी का मंदिर तथा दूसरा आदिनाथ जी का। नेमीनाथ जी का मंदिर एक विशाल चबूतरे पर बना हुआ है। मंदिर बाहर से देखने पर पहले तो इतना आकर्षक नहीं लगा, पर अंदर जाकर तो हमारी आँखें खुली की खुली रह गईं। मंदिर के वातावरण में अपूर्व शांति थी। भगवान नेमीनाथ की सोने की मूर्ति जगमगा रही थी। नेमीनाथ के मंदिर के पास ही प्रथम तीर्थंकर आदिनाथ जी का मंदिर है। इसे तेजपाल और वास्तुपाल नामक दो भाइयों ने सन् १२३० ई• के आसपास बनवाया था। सारा मंदिर संगमरमर का बना हुआ है। मंदिर के मुख्य भाग में संगमरमर की कलाकृतियों पर जहाँ–तहाँ सोने के पानी से नक्काशी की गई है। वास्तव में, अतुलनीय है ऐसी कलात्मकता!!

बहुविकल्पी प्रश्न–

सही उत्तर पर सही का निशान लगाओ–

क– दिलवाड़े में कितने जैन मंदिर हैं?

    अ– एक (   )   ब– दो (   )

    स– कई (   )   द– इनमें से कोई नहीं (   )

ख– नेमीनाथ जी की मूर्ति किससे बनी है?

    अ– पत्थर से (   )   ब– सोने से (   )

    स– पीतल से (   )   द– सभी धातुओं से (   )

ग– आदिनाथ जी कौन–से तीर्थंकर थे?

    अ– पहले (   )   ब– दूसरे (   )

    स– तीसरे (   )   द– अंतिम (   )

घ– कलाकृतियों पर नक्काशी किस पानी की है?

    अ– सोने के पानी की (   )   ब– चाँदी के पानी की (   )

    स– ताँबे के पानी की (   )   द– पीतल के पानी की (   )

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए–

प्रश्न१– नेमीनाथ जी का मंदिर किस पर बना हुआ है?
प्रश्न२– तीर्थंकर आदिनाथ जी का सारा मंदिर किससे बना हुआ है?
प्रश्न३– गद्यांश की तीसरी पंक्ति में एक मुहावरा आया है, उसे छाँटकर लिखिए।
प्रश्न४– दिलवाड़े के जैन मंदिरों में से कौन–से दो मुख्य मंदिर हैं?
प्रश्न५– ऊपर दिए गए गद्यांश का शीर्षक लिखिए।

2– समानार्थी शब्दों के जोड़े बनाकर लिखिए–

मित्र	....	....	अश्व
धरा	....	....	भू
मानव	....	....	देह
घोड़ा	....	....	रजनी
शरीर	....	....	अंबर
वस्त्र	....	....	भगवान
ईश्वर	....	....	मनुष्य
रात्रि	....	....	सखा

3– रिक्त स्थान भरिए–

क– क्रिया के होने वाले समय को _____ कहते हैं।

ख– काल के _____ भेद होते हैं।

ग– बीते हुए समय को _____ कहते हैं।

घ– आने वाले समय को _____ कहते हैं।

4– शरीर के अंगों के नाम से बनने वाले कोई पाँच मुहावरे लिखिए–

5– वाक्यों में से कारक की सही विभक्तियाँ चुनकर लिखिए–

क– लक्ष्मण _____ मेघनाद _____ मारा।   (ने / से / को)

ख– डॉक्टर _____ बुलाओ।   (में / को)

ग– वहाँ पेड़ _____ तोता बैठा है।   (पर / में)

घ– गौरी _____ बछड़े _____ नाम लालमणि था।   (ने / के / का)

6– दिए गए विराम चिह्नों के नाम लिखिए–

क– (;)   ग– (:)   ङ– (।)   छ– (,)

ख– (" ")   घ– (?)   च– (!)   ज– (' ')

नोट– 1– प्रतिदिन हिंदी 'समाचार पत्र' की हेडलाइन बोलकर पढ़ने का अभ्यास करिए।

2– बाल कहानियों की पुस्तकें मनोरंजन हेतु पढ़िए।

3– कक्षा में करवाया गया समस्त लिखित कार्य याद कीजिए।

4– सभी पाठ्य पुस्तक पढ़िए व समझने का प्रयास करिए।

5– कठिन शब्दों का अभ्यास श्रुतलेख द्वारा करिए।

6– अभ्यास पत्रक में दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर रिवीजन रजिस्टर में लिखिएगा।

NAME- _____   CLASS - V __

प्रश्न – 1 नीचे दिए गए शब्दों का वर्ण विच्छेद कीजिए –

(क) श्रमिकः – ....   (ख) द्वारम् – ....

(ग) कावेरी – ....   (घ) पवित्रम् – ....

प्रश्न – 2 मिलान कीजिए –

(क) बालिका   अकारान्त शब्द

(ख) वधू   ईकारान्त शब्द

(ग) गज   उकारान्त शब्द

(घ) भानु   आकारान्त शब्द

(ङ) नदी   ऊकारान्त शब्द

प्रश्न – 3 खाली जगह भरिए –

(क) सैनिकः   ....

(ख) वाटिका   ....

(ग) ....   मित्रे   ....

(घ) ....   कमलानि

प्रश्न – 4 निम्नलिखित शब्दों के सामने उनके लिंग और वचन लिखिए –

शब्द	लिंग	वचन
(क) कृषकः	....	....
(ख) गायिका :	....	....
(ग) चित्रम्	....	....
(घ) पुस्तकानि	....	....

प्रश्न – 5 हिन्दी शब्दों के लिए संस्कृत शब्द लिखिए –

(क) ऊँट –   ....   (ख) अनेक आँखें – ....

(ग) दो आम – ....   (घ) कोयल –   ....

प्रश्न – 6 संस्कृत शब्दों के लिए हिन्दी शब्द लिखिए –

(क) पादपः –   ....   (ख) मकराः – ....

(ग) कोकिले – ....   (घ) शिक्षिकाः – ....

(ङ) पत्रम् – ....   (च) आम्रे – ....

प्रश्न – 7 निम्नलिखित शब्दों के लिए संस्कृत शब्द वर्ग पहेली से चुनकर लिखिए –

अ	ज	र	ने	च
प	ल	न	त्र	श्र
मू	च	क्र	म्	मि
षि	व	पा	रा	कः
का	टि	दः	क	सु

(क) आँख – ....

(ख) मजदूर – ....

(ग) बकरी – ....

(घ) चुहिया – ....

प्रश्न – 8 निम्नलिखित शब्दों को वचन के अनुसार अलग – अलग लिखिए –

> चटकाः नौके ग्रीवा अजे नायिकाः अश्वः   पुष्पाणि   पुस्तकानि बालकः गृहम् पिपीलिके   मोदके

एकवचन	द्विवचन	बहुवचन
....	....	....
....	....	....
....	....	....
....	....	....

प्रश्न – 9 किन्ही चार –चार पशुओं, पक्षियों और फलों के नाम संस्कृत में लिखिए –

	पशुओं के नाम	पक्षियों के नाम	फलों के नाम
1	....	....	....
2	....	....	....
3	....	....	....
4	....	....	....

प्रश्न – 9 दिए गए चित्र को देखकर तीनों लिंगों के शब्दों को संस्कृत में लिखिए –

....

....

....

....

नोट :–   1 पक्षियों के नाम (पृष्ठ स. 126 से) उत्तर पुस्तिका में लिखें और चित्र भी चिपकाइए ।

2 अकारांत पुल्लिंग 'बालक' शब्द रूप (पृष्ठ स. 123 से) उत्तर पुस्तिका में लिखिए और याद भी कीजिए ।

3 'पठ्' और अस् धातु रूप (पृष्ठ स. 124 से)उत्तर पुस्तिका में लिखिए और याद भी कीजिए ।

4 कक्षा में पढ़ाए गए समस्त कार्य को दोहराइए ।